important food fishes like Labeo sp. and O Marulius, etc., and the stocking them in fallow waters were intensified. After multiplying the number, they were released to the several tanks and rivers. Two thousand Etroplus were imported into the State from Mangalore. Two hundred fish fingerlings of Labeo sp. were released to the Hessarghatta Reservoir as there are great possibilities of improving the fishery wealth at the place. Ten Catala fish of one foot in size were introduced into Krishnaraja Sagar as that variety was not found in the reservoir. Catala fish released were those transported from the Hydro Biological Station, Kilpauk, Madras, and grown at the Markandeya pond.

692. Fishing was permitted only under licence or lease of fishing right. Three thousand, one hundred and one (3,755) fishing licences were issued and 265 (242) tanks and 275 (258) miles of water channels were leased out realising a revenue of Rs. 31,669 (Rs. 36,050). Exploitation.

(v) The Serum Institute.

693. The Mysore Serum Institute, Hebbal, with its completion of 25 years of service in the manufacture of Veterinary Biologicals to meet the needs of the State and those of the Neighbouring States, is one of the pioneer Institutes in India in the field of eradication of infectious and contagious diseases among the livestock. In recent years, the Indian Council of Agricultural Research has been extending considerable assistance and help for undertaking certain fundamental and applied researches concerning the livestock wealth.

694. The research section attached to the institute continued the investigation of various problems connected with diseases of livestock, besides undertaking the laboratory examination of all pathological materials received from the different Veterinary Institutions in the State. Preparation of anti-rabic vaccine for animals and urine harmone was continued to be undertaken in the research section. Research Section.

695. Production of vaccine against ranikhet disease was continued and the eight sub-centres were supplied with adequate quantities of the vaccine to undertake State-wide vaccinations against ranikhet disease. During the year, 235 000 doses of vaccine were prepared of which 234,000 Ranikhet Vaccine production.